

Running a public service like a business: Ontario's Ornge fiasco



ABOUT AIR AMBULANCE

- Operating aircraft
- Dispatching aircraft
- > Providing medical care

Before

- In Ontario, the traditional model involved privately aircraft with public paramedics and dispatchers
- In 2000, the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care privatized the paramedics, putting two aviation companies in charge
- Dispatch remained part of the public service at that time

2005 provincial auditor's report

- "….contractual reaction times were met only between 38% and 67% of the time"
- "the Ministry certified air ambulance operators even though either the operator had clearly not met the criteria or it was not certain whether the operator had met the certification criteria."
 "insufficient staff, no documentation of employee qualifications or completion of mandatory training...."

2003 accreditation review

"The program's effective operation was inhibited by the absence of a clear line of authority among the dispatch centre, the base hospital, and the air ambulance operators responsible for the service."

Ontario Air Ambulance Services Corporation

- Health Minister George Smitherman sold all the assets of the provincial air ambulance service to the not-for-profit company that became "Ornge" for \$2
 Arm's-length arrangement was meant to improve performance and "clarify lines of authority."
- Contracting-in was part of this approach

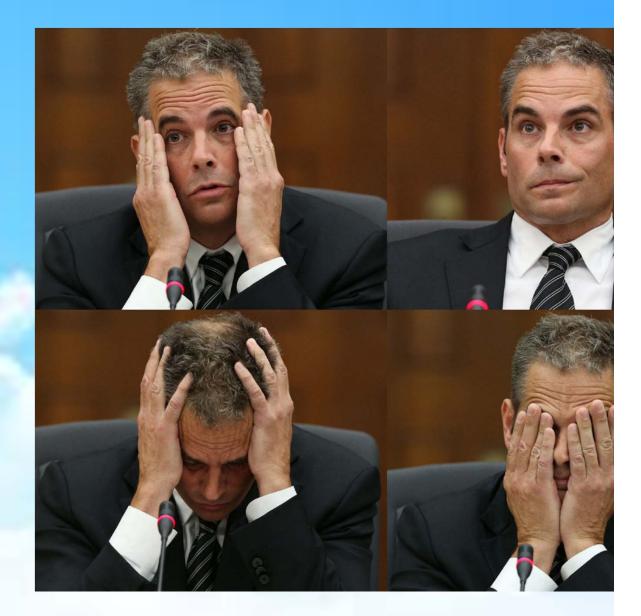


'Dr. Mazza was given carte blanche to draft the nitial Performance Agreement with the Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care."



"A passionate, tyrannical, inspiring control freak."

 "He always considers himself the smartest guy in the room."



> Ornge

- Ornge Peel
- Ornge Issuer Trust
- Ornge Global Air Inc.
- Ornge Corporate Services Inc.
- > Ornge Foundation
- J Smarts
- > Ornge Global Real Estate Inc.
- > Ornge Real Estate Inc.
- Ornge Global GP Inc.
- Ornge Global Holdings LP

The money

- The ministry boosted air ambulance funding from \$115 million (2005) to \$150 million (2009)
- Ornge borrowed \$275 million from bond investors
- The borrowed money built the "Crystal Palace" and a dozen helicopters from Italian firm AgustaWestland
- Unexplained millions flowed from AgustaWestland into Ornge charities

Good times

- Chris Mazza was controlling shareholder of the forprofit companies; executives and board members also held shares
- Mazza was paid \$9.3 million over six years but avoided the "Sunshine List"
- Fasken Martineau billed Ornge for 22,000 hours and \$9 million, enriching Alf Apps
- > The Ornge board chair received \$200,000 a year
- Chris Mazza's girlfriend, a water-ski instructor, became an associate vice-president
- > Ornge bought a water-ski boat!

The service

- Ornge diverted money to non-Ontario ventures and cut back on Ontario services
- The number of flights Ornge flew went down
- A lack of trained paramedics kept aircraft on the ground
- For a time, Ornge insisted that land ambulances appear on scene first to determine if air ambulance was needed – as a cost-saving measure
- It was impossible to perform CPR or intubate a patient in the new helicopters

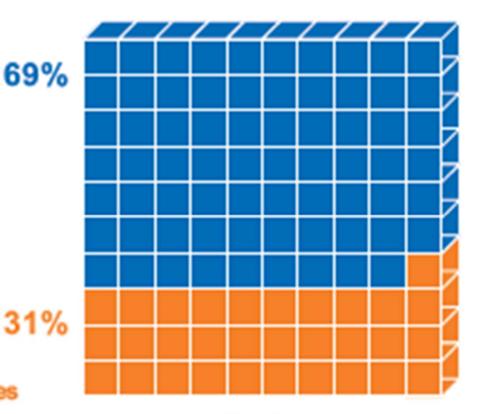
Lessons

- "Arm's length" entities can too easily avoid democratic oversight and accountability – even when they are "not-for-profit"
- Privatization disasters only occur if politicians cooperate
- Greed is a powerful motivator
- There must be a clear line between public and private interests; otherwise, there will be inevitable conflicts of interest
- The easiest way to ensure this is with an allpublic model

Ornge, cancelled gas plants prove what?

Govts can't be trusted to manage taxpayers' money wisely

Cheaper to carry out public services with govt employees instead of private companies







Problems persist....